

**NAME:**

**Spring 2020 Math 1201 Exam 1**

**Instructions:** WRITE YOUR NAME CLEARLY. Do as many problems as you can for a maximal score of 100. SHOW YOUR WORK!

1.

a) Suppose  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h)-f(2)}{h} = 10$ .

Find  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+5h)-f(2)}{h}$  [5 pts]

b) Suppose  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) + g(x)) = 6$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) - g(x)) = 4$ .

Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} g(x)$  [5 pts]

2. Use the squeeze theorem to evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \sin(e^x) \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

[10 pts]

3. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{3x-6}$  [10 pts]

4. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = \frac{x \cos(x)}{1+x}$  at the point  $(0, 0)$ . [10 pts]

5. Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{1 - 3x}$  using the definition of the derivative at any given point  $x$ . [10 pts]

6. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 - 1} & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$ . Determine the points where  $f$  is discontinuous.

Justify your answer.

[10 pts]

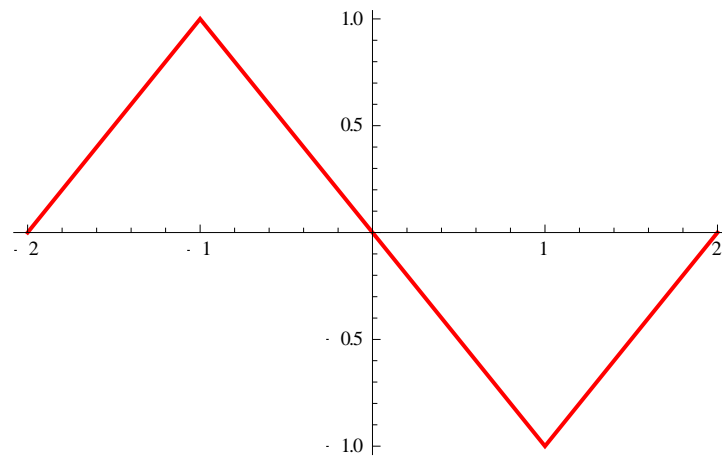
7. Use the intermediate value theorem to show that the equation  $x^3 - 4x + 1 = 0$  has at least one solution in the interval  $[0, 1]$ .

[10 pts]

8. Find a value  $k$  that will make  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x - 2 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ kx^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$ .

[10 pts]

9. The graph of the function  $y = f(x)$  is displayed below



Draw the graph of  $y = f'(x)$ .

[10 pts]

10. Evaluate  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5\theta) \tan(3\theta)}{\theta^2}$  [10 pts]

### Extra-Credit

11. Prove by means of a delta-epsilon argument that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 4x + 5) = 1$  [10 pts]

12. Calculate  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(x+h) - \cos(x-h)}{h}$

[10 pts]